ORDER ESTABLISHING PROCEDURES FOR CASES ASSIGNED TO JUDGE COLLEEN KOLLAR-KOTELLY

In order to administer this civil action in a manner fair to the litigants and consistent with the parties' interest in completing this litigation in the shortest possible time and at the least possible cost, it is, hereby

ORDERED that the parties are directed to comply with each of the directives set forth in this Order. The Court will hold the parties responsible for following these directives; failure to conform to this Order's directives may, when appropriate, result in the imposition of sanctions.

- 1. <u>SERVICE OF COMPLAINT</u>. Plaintiff(s) must promptly serve the complaint on Defendant(s) in accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4 and file proof of service in accordance with Rules of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia ("Local Civil Rules") Rule 5.3.
- 2. **REMOVED ACTIONS.** Defendant(s) removing an action to this Court must re-file any answer as a supplement to the petition and re-notice any pending motion.
- 3. <u>DISCLOSURE OF CORPORATE AFFILIATIONS AND FINANCIAL</u>
 <u>INTERESTS</u>. Where a corporation is a party or intervenor, counsel of record for that party or intervenor shall file a certificate listing any parent, subsidiary, or affiliate of that party or intervenor which, to the knowledge of counsel, has any outstanding securities in the hands of the public. Such certificate shall be filed with the party's first pleading. The purpose of this certificate is to enable the Judges of this Court to determine the need for recusal. Counsel have the continuing obligation to advise the Court of any change.

 See LCvR 7.1.
- 4. ELECTRONIC FILING. All documents in this case are to be filed electronically, except with prior leave of the Court upon good cause shown, and in the case of the exceptions noted below. All electronically filed documents are to be in Portable Data Format (.pdf). In order to enable the Court's efficient resolution of all matters in this case, all filings shall be submitted in text searchable PDF files, directly converted from the word-processing format into PDF so as to preserve their searchability and readability. (The Court recognizes an exception for exhibits that must be scanned because they exist only in paper format.). While electronic filing via. Internet is strongly preferred, the Clerk's Office may accept documents on disk for filing during normal business hours only.

(A) **EXCEPTIONS TO ELECTRONIC FILING.**

(i) In a case involving a *pro se* party, electronic filing procedures will be followed by parties represented by counsel only. The party appearing *pro se* shall continue to file documents in paper form with the Clerk's

- Office. Parties represented by counsel must serve documents upon *pro se* parties in paper form.
- (ii) Sealed documents may be filed in paper form with the Clerk's Office if they are accompanied by a motion to seal in accordance with Local Civil Rule 5.1(j). Motions to seal should explain why sealing is appropriate with reference to the factors identified in *United States v. Hubbard*, 650 F.2d 292 (D.C. Cir. 1980). Failure to file a proper motion to seal may result in the document being placed in the public record.
- (iii) Consent decrees may be filed in paper format with the Clerk's Office.
- (B) CM/ECF Passwords may only be used only by the person to whom they are assigned or, in the case of an attorney, by that attorney or an authorized employee or agent of that attorney's law office or organization. The use of a CM/ECF password to login and submit documents creates an electronic record that operates and serves as the signature of the person to whom the password is assigned for all purposes under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Local Rules of this Court.
- (C) The electronic submission of any document in accordance with these procedures constitutes **filing** for all purposes under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Local Rules of this Court and simultaneously creates an official **docket entry**. A person filing by electronic means is responsible for ensuring the accuracy of the official docket entry generated by the CM/ECF software. See LCvR 5.3(c)(2).
- (D) No certificate of service is required for documents filed electronically. Service is complete upon electronic submission of an order or document and will be effected by electronic notice. Counsel are responsible for monitoring their e-mail accounts and, upon receipt of notice of an electronic filing, for retrieving the order or document electronically.
- (E) Documents bearing original signatures or notarial seals (e.g., affidavits, stipulations) are to be filed in electronic form. The filing of such a document by an attorney certifies that the original signed (and, if applicable, sealed) document is in the attorney's possession.
- (F) The Court may take into consideration technical difficulties experienced by a filer when presented a late filing. However, parties who wait until the last minute to begin filing are warned that technical difficulties do not necessarily constitute "good cause" or "excusable neglect" justifying an extension of the applicable deadline(s). FED. R. CIV. P. 6(b). Further, no allowance can be made for late filing documents whose time limits are jurisdictional.

- (G) Attorneys are to be **precise** in describing the type of document and requested relief when making electronic filings with the Court, because that description becomes the official docket entry recorded in the case. Failure to be accurate and thorough in the description of documents electronically filed may result in action adverse to the attorney.
- 5. <u>COMMUNICATIONS WITH THE COURT</u>. The parties should endeavor to keep communications with Chambers to a minimum. *Ex parte* communications on matters other than scheduling are **strictly prohibited**; if the parties need to contact Chambers, it must be done jointly pursuant to a conference call arranged by the parties.
- 6. <u>APPEARANCES AT HEARINGS</u>. Principal trial counsel must appear at all hearings unless excused by the Court in advance.
- 7. MOTIONS FOR EXTENSIONS OF TIME. Motions for extensions of time are strongly discouraged; they will be granted only in truly exceptional or compelling circumstances and parties should not expect the Court to grant extensions. The Court will not entertain or honor stipulations for extensions of time; parties must file a motion in accordance with the following instructions:
 - (A) Motions for extensions of time must be filed at least four (4) business days prior to the first affected deadline.
 - (B) All motions for extensions of time must include the following or they will not be considered:
 - (i) The specific grounds for the extension;
 - (ii) The number of previous extensions, if any, granted to each party;
 - (iii) A statement of the impact that the requested extension would have on all other previously set deadlines;
 - (iv) A proposed schedule for any other affected deadlines, to be proposed only after consulting with opposing counsel; and
 - (v) A statement of whether or not opposing counsel opposes the motion in accordance with Local Civil Rule 7(m).
- 8. <u>DISCOVERY DISPUTES</u>. The parties are referred to Local Civil Rule 26.2 and are expected to fully comply with its directives. Moreover, counsel are required, under both Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(f) and Local Civil Rule 7(m), to confer in good faith in an effort to resolve any discovery dispute before bringing it to the Court's attention. The parties shall not file a discovery motion without prior consultation with opposing counsel. If, in what should be the unusual case, the parties are unable to

resolve their discovery dispute, counsel shall contact Chambers jointly in order to arrange for a telephone conference with the Court.

- 9. **<u>DEPOSITIONS.</u>** Counsel must adhere to the following guidelines when taking a deposition:
 - (A) Counsel for the deponent shall refrain from gratuitous comments and from directing the deponent as to times, dates, documents, testimony, and the like;
 - (B) Counsel shall refrain from cuing the deponent by objecting in any manner other than stating an objection for the record followed by a word or two describing the legal basis for the objection;
 - (C) Counsel shall refrain from directing the deponent not to answer any question except for reasons which conform to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(c)(2);
 - (D) Counsel shall refrain from engaging in dialogue on the record during the course of the deposition;
 - (E) If counsel for any party or person given notice of the deposition believes that these conditions are not being adhered to, that counsel may call for suspension of the deposition and then immediately apply to the Court for a ruling and remedy. When appropriate, the Court will impose sanctions;
 - (F) All counsel are to conduct themselves in a civil, polite, and professional manner. The Court will not countenance incivility or other behavior during the deposition demonstrating that the examination is being conducted in bad faith or to simply annoy, embarrass, or oppress the deponent; and
 - (G) In accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(d)(1), no deposition may last more than seven hours (exclusive of breaks), except by leave of the Court or stipulation of the parties.
- 10. **MOTIONS GENERALLY.** Parties must comply with the following instructions when briefing any motion:
 - (A) Memoranda of points and authorities filed in support of or in opposition to any motion may not, without leave of the Court, exceed forty-five (45) pages, and reply memoranda may not exceed twenty-five (25) pages, with margins set at one inch and with all text double-spaced (excepting footnotes) and in twelve-point Times New Roman (including footnotes).
 - (B) Where a party fails to file a memorandum of points and authorities in opposition to a given motion, the Court may treat the motion as conceded. See LCvR 7(b). Similarly, where a party fails to respond to arguments in

- opposition papers, the Court may treat those specific arguments as conceded. See *Phrasavang v. Deutsche Bank*, 656 F. Supp. 2d 196, 201 (D.D.C. 2009).
- (C) A party may not file a sur-reply without first requesting leave of the Court.
- (D) Exhibits shall be properly edited to exclude irrelevant material and to direct the Court's attention to the pertinent portions thereof.
- (E) Each submission shall be accompanied by a table of cases and other authorities cited therein.
- (F) Every pleading or paper, regardless of whether it is signed by an attorney or a *pro* se party, shall contain the name, address, telephone number, and, for an attorney, bar identification number. See LCvR 5.1(e).
- MOTIONS TO DISMISS. The parties are reminded that a motion to dismiss presenting matters outside the pleadings may be converted to a motion for summary judgment. FED. R. CIV. P. 12(d). If a motion to dismiss presents matters outside the pleadings, all parties must comply fully will the instructions set forth below regarding motions for summary judgment.
- 12. <u>MOTIONS FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT</u>. Parties must comply with the following instructions when briefing motions for summary judgment and the Court may strike papers not in conformity therewith:
 - (A) Cases Involving Judicial Review of Administrative Agency Actions.
 - (i) In accordance with Local Civil Rule 7(h)(2), each motion for summary judgment, and opposition thereto, shall include a statement of facts with references to the administrative record. The parties must furnish **precise** citations to the portions of the administrative record on which they rely; the Court need not consider materials not specifically identified. See FED. R. CIV. P. 56(c)(3).
 - (ii) In accordance with Local Civil Rule 7(n), the parties shall provide the Court with a joint appendix containing copies of those portions of the administrative record that are cited or otherwise relied upon in any memorandum in support of, or in opposition to, a motion for summary judgment.
 - (B) All Other Cases.
 - (i) The Court strictly adheres to the dictates of Local Civil Rule 7(h), which requires that each party submitting a motion for summary judgment attach a statement of material facts for which that party contends there is

no genuine dispute, with specific citations to those portions of the record upon which the party relies in fashioning the statement. The party opposing the motion must, in turn, submit a statement enumerating all material facts which the party contends are genuinely disputed and thus require trial. See LCvR 7(h)(1). The parties are strongly encouraged to carefully review Jackson v. Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett & Dunner, 101 F.3d 145 (D.C. Cir. 1996), on the subject of Local Civil Rule 7(h).

- (ii) The parties must furnish **precise citations** to the portions of the record on which they rely; the Court need not consider materials not specifically identified. See FED. R. CIV. P. 56(c)(3).
- (iii) The moving party's statement of material facts shall be a short and concise statement, in numbered paragraphs, of all material facts as to which the moving party claims there is no genuine dispute. The statement must contain only one factual assertion in each numbered paragraph.
- (iv) The party responding to a statement of material facts must respond to each paragraph with a **correspondingly numbered paragraph**, indicating whether that paragraph is admitted or denied. If a paragraph is admitted only in part, the party must specifically identify which parts are admitted and which parts are denied.
- (v) The Court may assume that facts identified by the moving party in its statement of material facts are admitted, unless such facts are controverted in the statement filed in opposition to the motion. See LCvR 7(h)(1).
- (vi) The responding party must include any information relevant to its response in its correspondingly numbered paragraph, with specific citations to the record. However, if the responding party has additional facts that are not directly relevant to its response, it must identify such facts in consecutively numbered paragraphs at the end of its responsive statement of facts. If additional factual allegations are made, the opponent must file a responsive statement of its own.
- 13. MOTIONS FOR RECONSIDERATION. Motions for reconsideration of prior rulings are strongly discouraged. Such motions shall be filed only when the requirements of Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 54(b), 59(e), and/or 60(b) are met. If such a motion is filed, it shall not exceed ten (10) pages in length. Moreover, the Court will not entertain: (a) motions which simply reassert arguments previously raised and rejected by the Court; or (b) arguments which should have been previously raised, but are being raised for the first time. See Nat'l Trust v. Dep't of State, 834 F. Supp. 453, 455 (D.D.C. 1995). Motions not in compliance with these instructions may be stricken.

- 14. <u>COURTESY COPIES</u>. The parties shall deliver one (1) courtesy copy of any submission that is over twenty-five (25) pages in length or that includes more than one (1) exhibit to the Court Security Officer at the loading dock located at Third and C Streets (not the Clerk's Office or Chambers). Courtesy copies shall be appropriately bound and tabbed for ease of reference.
- 15. <u>SETTLEMENT</u>. The parties are expected to evaluate their respective cases for purposes of settlement. The Court encourages the use of alternative dispute resolution—e.g., mediation or neutral case evaluation. The use of these methods is available at any time, as is a settlement conference before a magistrate judge. If counsel are interested in pursuing these options, they may contact Chambers at any time. If the case settles in whole or in part, counsel shall **promptly** advise the Court.

SO ORDERED.

/s

COLLEEN KOLLAR-KOTELLY
United States District Judge

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